WHO International Year of the Nurse & Midwife 2020 Patricia S. Jones, PhD, RN, FAAN

Distinguished Professor Emerita Loma Linda University School of Nursing

Associate director, Department of Health Ministries General Conference of Seventh-day Adventists

LLUH GHI Global Health Care Conference November 2 – 6, 2020

Objectives:

- 1. Discuss the WHO International Year of the Nurse and Midwife
- 2. Reflect on the legacy and future of Adventist Nursing
- **3.** Share an exemplar of how Adventist nursing responded to a global challenge

It's time to **recognize the critical contribution** nurses and midwives make to global health!





#SupportNursesAndMidwives

World Health Organization 2020: WHO International Year of the Nurse and Midwife

 Purpose: Recognize the crucial role that nurses and midwives play in delivering and transforming health care

Retrieved from https://www.who.int/campaigns/year-of-the-nurse-and-the-midwife-2020

As WHO made its announcement in April . . .

... the world was entering a deadly Pandemic (COVID-19) nurses were summoned to the frontlines of health care, and courageously put their lives at risk. Indeed many "sacrificed their own lives to save others'. Nurses are the coronavirus heroes. These photos show their life now

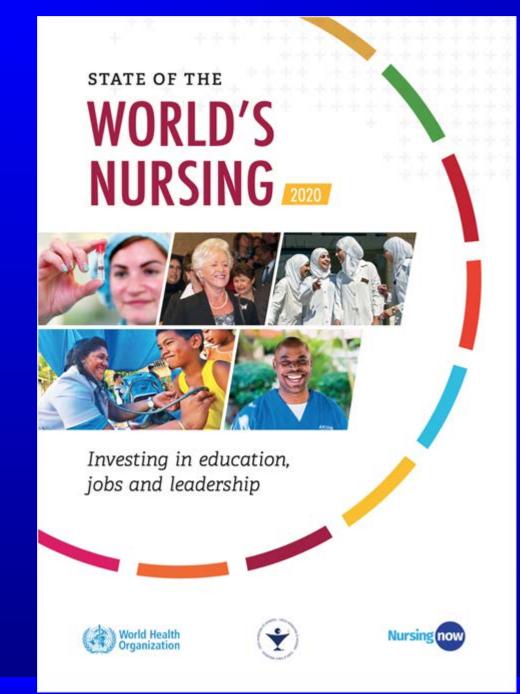


CHINA: A nurse sheds a tear while discussing the situation at Jinyintan Hospital in Wahan in central China's Hubei province, where the coronaxinus outbreak began, on Feb. 15. (Barcroft Media / Getty Images)





Retrieved from https://www.bbc.com/news/in-pictures-52616933 https://www.latimes.com/world-nation/story/2020-04-17/nurses-are-the-coronavirus-heroes



The first ever— State of the World's Nursing Report WHO, ICN, Nursing Now April 2020

> Most-up-to-date evidence on the global workforce

Link to publication: https://www.who.int/publications/i/item/nursing-report-2020



Globally--

- There are some 28 million nurses and 2 million midwives.
- Nurses are the largest group of healthcare workers in the world and deliver almost 80% of the hands-on care.
- A projected 5.9 million more are needed by 2030

State of the world's nursing 2020: investing in education, jobs and leadership. Geneva: World Health Organization; 2020. Licence: CC BY-NC-SA 3.0 IGO.

Nurses and midwives account for nearly **50% of the global health workforce.**



Nurses and midwives are often the **first and only health point of contact** in their communities.



Retrieved from https://www.who.int/campaigns/year-of-the-nurse-and-the-midwife-2020



The year 2020 coincides with 200 years since the birth of Florence Nightingale who launched nursing on its path to becoming a profession



Nightingale:

- Born into a wealthy family and broadly educated in the classic disciplines: math, languages, literature, history
- Critical thinker, researcher and statistician
- A social and health reformer—the first nurse to promote evidenced-based practice

Florence Nightingale (1820 – 1910)

Trust and respect for nurses:

 In contrast with the 19th century, for the past 18 years the American public has consistently voted that nursing is "the most trusted and ethical profession".

The rise of Adventist Nursing—

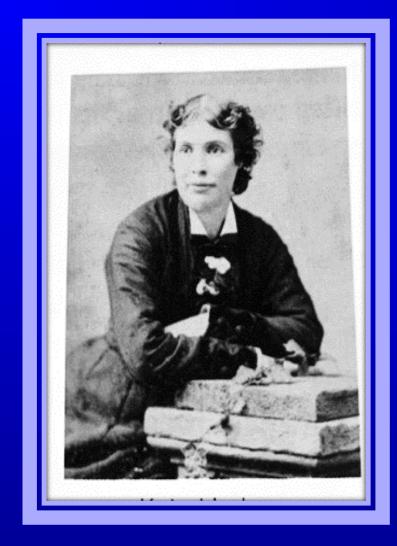
is closely located in time and connection with

Florence Nightingale



Ellen White (1827-1915)

- A contemporary of Florence Nightingale
- Both wrote a lot about hygiene and about the healing properties of water, nutritious food, sunlight and a clean environment
- Both described care of the sick as a human service of caring and as a 'spiritual practice'



Kate Lindsay

- Dreamed of becoming a Florence Nightingale
- Studied medicine instead at UM
- Observed Nightingale nurses at Bellevue Hospital in New York
- Was eager to start a Nightingale nursing program at Battle Creek Sanitarium

Dr. Kate Lindsay (1842 – 1923)

Battle Creek Sanitarium School of Nursing (1884)

- Was a Nightingale school
- The fourth program in the US established in keeping with the Nightingale principles
- Described as the largest and best equipped nursing school in the US



More importantly, students were infused with two powerful legacies:

1. Nightingale principles and standards

2. Adventist values and commitment to Christian service

It was an international institution:

- Students came from Africa, Australia, and Europe
- Graduates went all over the world—

 providing primary health care and
 opening clinics and schools of nursing



At the turn of the 20th century, Adventist Schools of nursing were growing rapidly

- Australia
- Africa—Kenya, Rwanda, South Africa
- Asia: China, Philippines
- North America
- South America—Argentina, Brazil



The graduates of these schools contributed to building an amazing legacy of Adventist nursing:

- Courage
- Resilience
- Mission
- Innovation
- Integrity
- Excellence



Kathryn Jensen

- In 1921, was appointed to the GC Medical Department
- A progressive educator
- Leader for the growing network of Adventist nursing
- She was succeeded by other strong leaders and globally the reputation of Adventist nursing increased

Early Adventist Nurses were visionary and innovative

- Washington Missionary College was the second institution in the country to offer a BSN degree in 1924
- The first book on 'the nursing process' authored by a LLUSN faculty member, Lucille Lewis.
- **Glendale Adventist Hospital:** Created CINAHL, the most widely used index of nursing and allied health literature.

Other Global Examples:

- The University of Eastern Africa Baraton (UEAB) established the first generic BSc program in sub-Saharan Africa (excluding South Africa) in 1987.
- The chief nurse in the MOH in Kenya, in 2015, "I will take a graduate from UEAB any time over other nurses in Kenya".
- Hospital schools in Africa also had excellent reputations: Kendu Adventist Hospital SN, and Mugonero Hospital SN in Rwanda.

The good news is that . . .

The goal of excellence set in the late 19th Century continues!



In 2020, both LLUMC and LLUCH were awarded Magnet Status*

Highest level of recognition by the nursing profession for excellent care, leadership, and patient outcomes.

*Issued by the ANCC: American Nursing Credentialing Center

Adventist Nursing and WHO

- In 2009, the 1st Global Health Conference in Geneva organized in close collaboration with the faith-based office of WHO.
- The WHO nursing officer met nursing leaders from many global Adventist Schools of Nursing.

- Following the conference, the director of GCHM received multiple inquiries from WHO about the global network of Adventist Schools of Nursing.
- WHO wanted to engage this network in reaching one of the Millennium Development Goals

Specifically, it was --

An invitation for GCHM / LLU to partner with WHO to

Help reduce maternal mortality!

The proposal—

- WHO would write the grant to obtain funding, and
- GCHM / LLU would manage and implement the project working directly with Adventist Schools of Nursing/Midwifery globally

This request came in recognition of . . .

- The global presence of Adventist health care institutions
- Large network of schools of nursing and midwifery globally
- Our reputation for excellence
- Our dedication to service

Would we become partners?



• Progress in reducing maternal mortality was minimal and something needed to change.

• At the time we were considering this invitation, it was reported that "every minute of the day a woman somewhere in the world, died while giving birth".

An administrative decision was made . . .

- To move forward with the project
- WHO strategy:
 - 1. To create Laboratories of Change, and,
 - 2. A Center of Excellence
 - to 'Up-scale Midwifery Education'

ADVENTISTREVIEW



A baby born this week at the Adventist-owned Malamulo Hospital in Malawi, one of the WHO participant sites. (Jason Blanchard)

ADVENTIST NEWS



JULY 30, 2015

WHO Teams Up With Adventists in a Global First

The two sides hope to curb the deaths of mothers and babies.

By Joanne Ratsara

he World Health Organization and the Seventh-day Adventist Church are kicking off an unprecedented global partnership aimed at reducing infant and maternal mortality rates.

2015: Published in the *Adventist Review* at the launching of the project in Bloemfontein, SA

Retrieved from https://www.adventistreview.org/church-news/story3097-who-teams-up-with-adventists-in-a-world-first

Four sites:

- Botswana: Kanye SDA College of Nursing
- Cameroon: Cosendai Adventist University
- Lesotho: Maluti Adventist College
- Malawi: Malamulo College of Health Sciences, Malawi Adventist University

Project Site Coordinators

- Botswana: Stella Nkgau
- Cameroon: Marie Abemyil
- Lesotho: Motebang Molainyane
- Malawi: Catherine Nkhoma





Stella Nkgau, Site Coordinator



Lillian Lemo, Principal



Marlise Lima, Consultant

Kanye SDA College of Nursing, Botswana





At WHO County Office in Yaoundé



Sabine Dunbar, LLU Task Force Marie Abemyil, Site coordinator

Students during the Pandemic

Cosendai Adventist University, Cameroon



Lillo Kuape, Acting Rector





Monica Mckenzie Consultant



Motebang Molainye, Site coordinator

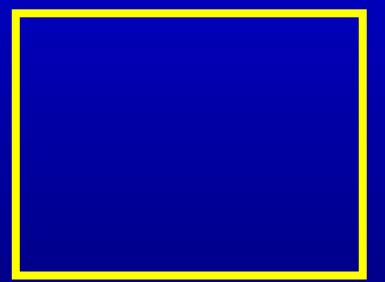
Maluti Adventist College, Lesotho



Florence Chipungo Deputy Vice-chancellor Malamulo College of Health Sciences Malawi Adventist University



Catherine Nkhoma, Site Coordinator







Laboratories of Change

- An exciting concept!
- Yet, change is difficult.
- Facilitators of change?
- Barriers to change?



What factors would facilitate change?

- 1. Education
 - a. Capacity building seminars
 - **b. WHO core competencies for Midwifery educators**
 - c. CBE—competency-based education
 - d. Sponsor one nurse-midwife for PhD study to become nurse/midwife scientist

2. Other resources:

- Electronic equipment to enhance classroom instruction—computers, projectors
- Manikins, models, software
- iPads loaded with documents related to midwifery
- Books

Dedicated and Diverse Global Task Force:

- Marlise Lima, University of Sao Paulo, Brazil
- Emmy Obradovic, Nurse midwife—retired, Croatia
- Sabine Dunbar, LLUSN, United States
- Marian Llaguno, LLUSN, United States
- Monica McKenzie, LLUMC—retired, United States

Insert Zoom recording here



As a team it was our privilege to work very closely with :

- AFRO-- The Regional Office of WHO provided oversight of the project.
- WHO Country Office experts
- The WHO Collaborating Centers at the national universities.
- National Nursing and Midwifery Council leaders

Where do we stand?

1. The project has been ongoing for five years.

2. Evaluation of outcomes

- scheduled to take place in March and April, 2020
- delayed due to COVID-19
- currently in process

Encouraging observations

1. Midwifery graduates from one of the sites are earning national awards

2. The same school is the first in the country to receive accreditation to offer midwifery through e-learning

3. Excellent example of increased community engagement on one of the sites

Hilde Maternal Care Center Adventist University of Cosendai







Increased Community Engagement

Comments from the Task Force

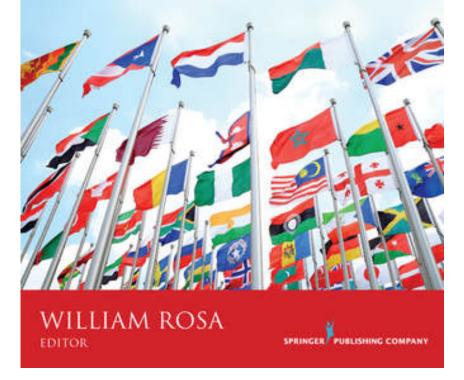
- Admiration for how well educators do in spite of limited resources.
- Thoroughly enjoyed working with the WHO experts in each of the four countries
- Appreciated the team spirit and mutual respect

Comments from the Site Coordinators

- Enhanced the quality of content taught to students with an emphasis on analytical thinking and problem solving.
- Improved the ability of lecturers to promote students' critical thinking and clinical reasoning.
- Lecturers are more equipped to use CBE methods of teaching (competency-based education)
- Our classes are now more interactive

A NEW ERA IN GLOBAL HEALTH

NURSING AND THE UNITED NATIONS 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development







- Nursing is positioned to make a significant contribution to achieving the UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)
- Paradigm shift is still needed to maximize contribution of nursing to healthcare

Rosa, W. (Ed.). (2017). A new era in global health: Nursing and the United Nations 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development. Springer Publishing Company.

It is also a new era for Adventist nursing . . .

• Competent administrators, clinicians and educators are desperately needed

• Challenging new requests are coming to nursing in several areas of the world church—in Rwanda, for example!

WHO 2020 Key messages: Relevance for Adventist Nursing

- 1. Strengthen nursing and midwifery to achieve health for all
- 2. Boost nursing and midwifery leadership and influence to improve health services

https://www.who.int/campaigns/year-of-the-nurse-and-the-midwife-2020/get-involved/key-messages

WHO 2020: Five key investment areas

- Invest in more nurse-led and midwife-led services enabling nurses and midwives to work to their full potential
- Employ more specialist nurses
- Make midwives and nurses central to primary health care, providing services and supervising community health workers
- Support nurses and midwives in health promotion and disease prevention
- Invest in nursing and midwifery leadership

Retrieved from https://www.who.int/campaigns/year-of-the-nurse-and-the-midwife-2020/get-involved/key-messages

In the Adventist global network, there is need for more global partnerships . . .

- To prepare clinicians, educators, administrators and leaders to forge new frontiers
- To again move forward with courage, resilience and strength to meet new challenges

It is time to agree on a way forward and it's time to act!!

If nurses and midwives . . .

 are providing 80% of primary care let's make sure they are prepared, empowered and supported to do so

Implications for administrators:

- Value and support these health professionals
- Employ sufficient numbers, and
- **Develop policies that support their** practicing to their highest potential.

Only then will nurses and midwives fully contribute to:

 saving the lives of women and babies during childbirth

• achieving the SDGs, and to . . .



 promote the health, healing and well-being of individuals, families and communities in our global village!



Thank you!

